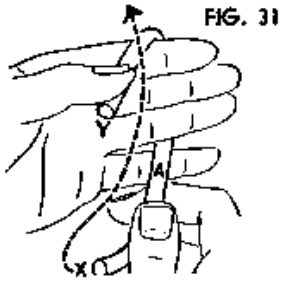
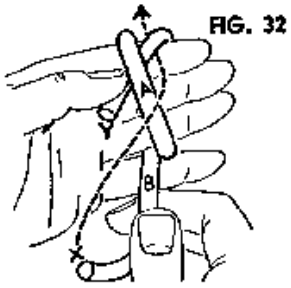
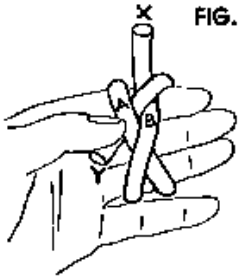






1. Place the rope or braid around three fingers of your left hand, palm up (Figure 31). The working end of the rope/braid will be known as X, and the stationary end as Y.

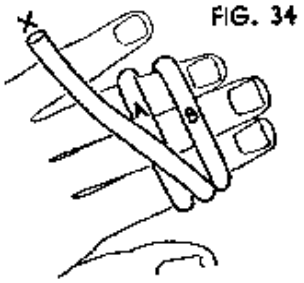
2. Bring end X over the stationary end Y (Fig. 31) and around the back of the hand (Fig. 32).

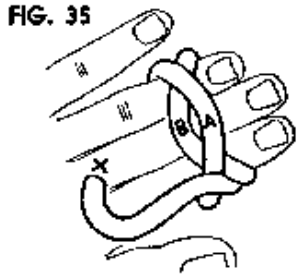
3. Thread end X over A and under Y, thus forming B (Figs. 32-33).

4. Turn your left hand over, palm down (Fig. 34).

5. Loop A over B, and B under A (Fig. 35). Hold in position by placing the forefinger of your left hand between A and B.

6. Thread end X under B through the crisscross loop formed by A and B (Fig. 36).





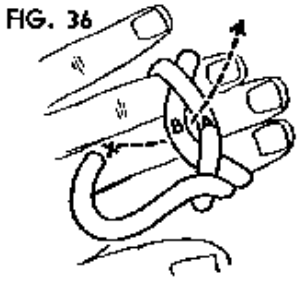


FIG. 37

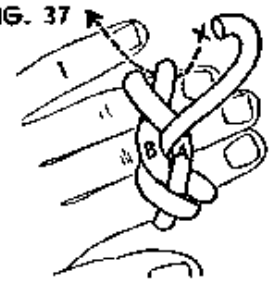


FIG. 38

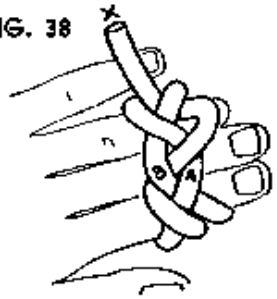
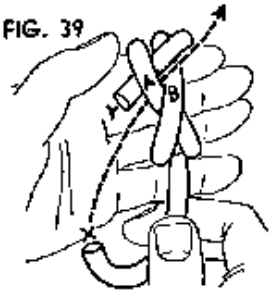


FIG. 39



11. In doing this it may be necessary to take in the slack from time to time in order that there will be a sufficient amount of material to complete the slide.

12. A fid or any blunt-pointed tool is a useful aid in this step. It is important to adjust the slide so that it will be neat as well as the right size. Then, too, it will be necessary to remove the slide from the fingers when you thread end X around for the second and third time (Figs. 41-42).

13. The slide ends at the same point at which it was begun (Y). This completes the neckerchief slide. The tassel is intended to dangle in front of the slide when it is on the neckerchief.

7. Thread end X over A (Fig. 37), and under B again (Fig. 38).

8. Turn your hand over, palm up (Fig. 39). Bring end X alongside of and parallel to end Y by threading the strand under A and over B (Figs. 39-40). Follow the direction of the dotted arrow.

9. The Turk's-Head neckerchief slide is formed by following this strand Y around three times; i.e., until there are three rope/braid strands parallel to each other all around the slide (Figs. 40, 41, 42).

10. The second time around is indicated in Fig. 41 as well as the beginning of the third time around. Fig. 42 indicates end X on the completion of its third time around.

FIG. 40

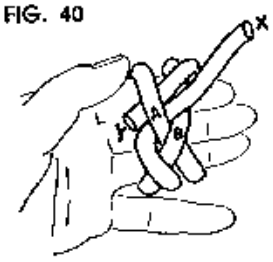


FIG. 41

FIG. 42